This May Even Involve Inquiring Into Mayor Strong's Motives for Removing the Police Commissioner Now on Charges Eight Months Old-Bemeval Papers Once Bestroyed.

Police Commissioner Andrew D. Parker and his counsel, Tracy, Boardman & Platt, do not anticipate immediate action by Gov. Black on the request of Mayor Strong that the Governor approve his removal of Mr. Parker from office. In the absence in Washington of Gen. Tracy, who represented the accused Commissioner at the hearing on the charges before the Mayor, Mr. Boardman telegraphed to Gov. Black or Wednesday night requesting a hearing for Mr. Mr. Parker might apply for a writ of certiorari

to review the action of the Mayor, but there is some doubt if that remedy is applicable before a Commissioner is actually removed, and it was said vesterday, on behalf of Commissioner Parker, that it will not be resorted to in his case. Mr. Boardman said:

We have saked for a hearing before the Gov ernor at a time when Gen. Tracy can be present, and we expect our request to be granted. We will go to the Governor on the record of the case, which, in our opinion, is shown by the testimony to be without merit. I speak of the record, be-cause the Mayor has seen fit to try and inject into the case something which is not there. Commissioner Parker was not charged with acts "destructive of harmony and good administra-tion" is the Police Department. That is a new charge which the Mayor makes in his letter to the Governor. There was no evidence on the bearing to establish such a charge, and if there had been it would have been totally irrelevant. The Governor cannot act on such allegations in the Mayor's letter, but only on such matters of record as are relevant to the charges."

As a matter of fact it was said yesterday that the Governor need not confine his investigation to the record transmitted to him by Mayor Strong but, if he desires, he may conduct an Independent investigation into any charges; that he may even inquire into the motives of the Mayor and any extraneous matters which are germane to the question, such as the reason for the Mayor's delay in acting on the charges and If the Mayor did not at one time intend to drop them because he considered the evidence in-

The Governor's right to do this was asserted by Gov. Samuel J. Tilden in 1875. Mayor Wick-ham had removed Corporation Counsel E. Dela-field Smith, and Fire Commissioners Perley, Hatch, and Van Cott, and communicated the reasons for his action to the Governor. He did not transmit the answers of the accused officials or anything which they had set up in their de-fence on the hearings, and Gov. Tilden requested

or anything which they has set up in the series of the hearings, and Gov. Tilden requested that he do so.

To this Mayor Wickham responded with a rather spirited letter in which he asserted that the Mayor of New York city was not simply a Commissioner to take evidence for the Governor in such cases, and that the Governor's powers were limited to approving or disapproving the act of removal on the statement of the Mayor.

Gov. Tilden replied with a very convincing opinion, in which he asserted his right to make an independent investigation in such a case, just as he might do before he approved a piece of legislation, just as the Senate might before it acted on a recommendation or nomination by setted on a recommendation or nomination by the Executive, and as both branches of the Leg-islature might on a matter over which they had concurrent jurisdiction. Referring to Mayor Wickham's contention, he said among other

Wickham's contention, he said among other things:

"The Governor, if I understand this doctrine aright, is a check upon the logical processes of the Mayor, and upon nothing else. It would result, then, that if the Mayor alleged a fact which the Governor happened to personally know to be unt. ac—as, for instance, that an officer committed an act known to be done in the city of New York, at a time when that officer was before the Governor in the Executive chamber at Albany—it would be the duty of the Governor, if the act alleged would have been sufficient cause of removal to certify his approval of the removal, which he did not, in fact, approve, and when he knew the accused to be wholly innocent. It may often happen that accusatory allegations are so compounded of fact and inference that no analysis can separate the elements without extraneous aid."

He closed his letter with the following decision which has controlled in cases like that of Mr. Parker since that time:

"My decision is that the Governor is not limited by law to the consideration of such facts as may be communicated to him by the Mayor, but

Parker since that time:

"My decision is that the Governor is not limited by law to the consideration of such facts as may be communicated to him by the Mayor, but that, on the contrary, it is his right and his duty to accept, and if needful to seek, all information necessary to enable him to decide whether he ought to give or withhold his approval of an act of removal initiated by the Mayor under the law which defines their respective powers and obligations in such cases."

Under this decision Commissioner Parker might be able practically to put the Mayor and his fellow Police Commissioners on trial before the Governor. It is even hinted that it is desired to do this so far as the Mayor is concerned, especially on the matter of his delay in acting on the charges.

charges.

Commissioner Parker said yesterday that he wrote a letter to the Mayor a few days ago asking for a decision in his case and calling attention to the fact that the courts have decided that a public officer in his position was entitled to one and that the matter could not be pigeon-held indefinitely.

oled indefinitely.

A friend of the Commissioner said that Mr.

Parker was somewhat surprised at the Mayor's Parker was somewhat surprised at the Mayor's action, as he saw Col. Strong only a few days ago at the latter's house and had been led to expect a different result, not only from his talk with the Mayor, but from the published statements of that official that he had no power to remove him and that he would not remove him if he could.

Commissioner Parker was as cheerful yesterday as he could be with a case of grip, which he maid bothered him a great deal more than the Mayor's action.

day as he could be with a case of grip, which he said bothered him a great deal more than the Mayor's action.

"I have no fear of the ultimate result of the proceeding." said he, "and no doubt exists in my mind as to what it will be. Of course, I have no idea what view the Governor will take of the matter, but I do not believe for a moment that the Mayor's action will be sustained by the courts. My information is that the Mayor has been informed by his legal advisers that the courts will not austain him. Believing this, I cannot think that the Governor will find anything in the evidence submitted that will justify his approval of the act of removal. If my counsel so advise, I will ask Gov. Black, through them, fo receive some additional evidence in my behalf."

sel so advise. I will ask Gov. Black, through them, fo receive some additional evidence in my behalf."

Mr. Parker seemed to be very confident that he will not lose his official head. He consulted with his counsel yesterday afternoon.

Mayor Strong said yesterday: "I have done what I considered to be my duty in the premises. I have done all that I can do. If the Governor and the courts think as I do, Parker will have to get out of the Police Board; if they do not, he will remain a Commissioner. I have discharged my duty; the responsibility now rests with the Governor and the courts. I had my mind made up as far back as Sept. 4 and the papers were all drawn up for Parker's removal. They were prepared by Elihu Root and John Proctor Clarke, who assisted me in the trial of the case. When they presented them to me I sadd: 'No, I won't act on this just now. I'll hold it up a while and see if those boys up there don't. improve in their behavior.' I thought if I held the thing over Parker he would change his tacties and the Commissioners would get together again. Things in the board got worse instead of better, and on March I I made up my mind to remove Parker. A new set of papers was prepared by Mr. Clarke, the old ones having been destroyed. They weren't ready till yesterday, when I signed them and sent them to the Governor. I don't know what the Governor will do about it, but I believe I have done my duty in the matter."

The Mayor was asked what he proposed doing with the charges against Parker and Grant filed by the City Club, and he said he would be guided by the city Club, and he said he would be guided by the consider Parker really responsible for the condition of things in the service of the condition of things in the sendition of things in the

"I consider Parker really responsible for the condition of things in the board. He certainly started the trouble, but after Commissioners set in a row like that I suppose they all get mad and go too far. Parker's more to blame than all the rest, though, to my mind."

March 1, the day on which the Mayor says he finally decided to remove Compassioner Parker, was, it was said vesterday, the day the Compassioner Parker, was, it was said vesterday, the day the Compassioner Parker,

finally decided to remove Commissioner Parker, was, it was said yesterday, the day the Commis-sioner saw the Mayor at the latter's house and was led to believe that contrary action would be taken.

COMMISSIONER PARKER'S REMOVAL. Private Secretary Hedges Hands the Papers in

the Case to Gov. Black.

ALBANY, March 18 .- Mayor Strong's private secretary, Mr. Hedges, arrived at the Executive Chamber at 10:20 this morning. He saw the Governor only a moment, just long enough to hand him a copy of the charges, the testimony

hand him a copy of the charges, the testimony taken, and the findings in Police Commissioner Parker's case.

Gov. Black this afternoon received a telegram from Police Commissioner Parker's counsel, Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, asking that a hearing be accorded him before the Governor should take any action toward the approval of Mayor Strong's order of removal. Gov. Black will accede to this request. The Governor said this afternoon that he had not yet considered the case and had no statement to make regarding it, as hedd not know anything about it. He did not know just when he would hear Gen. Tracy, no time having been set as yet.

Devery's Case Goes Over.

Argument on the writ of prohibition obtained Police Captain Devery to restrain the Police and from putting him on trial has been post-med to March 22.

DELINQUENT COPS TRIED. Andrews the Completens

Patrolman Henry Zinke of the West 125th street station was tried before Commiss Hoosevelt yesterday on charges brought by Capt. Devery. He was accused of leaving post on Washington's Birthday and going into the Harlem Opera House on West 125th street, where he is alleged to have acted in a disorderly and bolsterous manner. It was charged that he re fused to leave when ordered, and created a disturbance in the orchestra while the performance was going on. Capt. Devery said that the head usher had complained to him that Zinke waved his handkerchief at one of the actresses on the stage. Zinke denied the charge, Patrolman James J. O'Neill of the Fast Fifty first street station was tried on charges preferred by Commissioner Andrews for being ab-

sent from post and standing in the doorway of a salcon drinking a glass of whiskey. Commisloner Andrews, while walking up Sixth avenue, near Forty-second street, last Saturday morning, saw O'Neill drinking in the doorway of a saloon.

Mr. Androws testified that he saw the patrolman
drink the contents of a glass which he handed back to the bartender. The Commissioner added O'Neill's breath. O'Neill put his hand over his mouth when he spoke to him. O'Neill said that what he drank was calisaya. Commissioner Roosevelt heard statements of

counsel in the case of Patrolman Leo Pitschker of the East 104th street station, who was accused of having alienated the affections of Mrs. Harry Chamberlain, wife of a gripman on the Third avenue cable cars. Chamberlain had charged that Pitschker induced his wife to leave

charged that Pitschker induced his wife to leave her home and go to live with him. His counsel, Jacob Levy, withdrew the charge. It was said that the troubles between Chamberlain and his wife and the patrolman had been adjusted. The policeman denied that he knew anything as to Mrs. Chamberlain's whereabouts.

Bicycle Patrolman James A. Donoghue of the West Sixty-sighth street station was tried on charges made against him by Edward E. P. Morgan of 242 West Forty-fourth street. Morgan said that he went on Feb. 13 to the lee Palace Skating Hink, at 107th street and Lexington avenue, where there was a skating race in which John Nellson and a brother of Policeman Donoghue were contestants. He acted in the capacity of timekeeper. He had some words with Donoghue, and the latter struck him a violent blow on the jaw. Morgan also declared that Donoghue called him a thief and said that he had always known him as a thief. Later they had trouble in the dressing room. Morgan said that Donoghue offered to fight him. The testimony showed that Policeman Donoghue's brother lost the race with Nellson, and that Donoghue was angry at the result.

Alfred H. Lewis of 106 Court street, Brooklyn.

as angry at the result.

Alfred H. Lewis of 106 Court street, Brooklyn, Alfred H. Lewis of 106 Court street, Brooklyn, who was one of the judges of the race, testified in Morgan's behalf. So did Howard Mosher of Storm King, N. Y., who is a professional skater and bicycle rider. He said that the policeman and Morgan wanted to fight each other in the dressing room. Alfred J. Morgan, a brother of the complainant, who is also a skater, testified to the language used by the accused policeman. Bonoghue said that the trouble started because he refused to bet with Morgan. Morgan, he said, offered to bet him 3 to 1 that his brother would be beaten.

because he refused to bot with Morgan. Morgan, he said, offered to bot him 3 to 1 that his brother would be beaten.

"I said I did not want to bet," testified Donoghue, "because I have not been on speaking terms with him for a long time. Then he remarked that we were afraid to bet that we were alive, and called me vile names and threatened me. We were both standing on the ice, and I pushed him away. I did call him a thief, and have grounds for making the statement. Seven years ago, at Newburgh, I made a bet of \$10 with another man, and Morgan was the stakeholder. I won the money, but he kept it and claimed I never put up. I was coaching my brother at the race with Nellson and acting as one of the judges."

Several witnesses testified in the policeman's behalf. Their testimony was to the effect that Morgan called Donoghue vile names. Morgan denied the policeman's statement that he kept money belonging to him. In closing the case, Commissioner Roosevelt told Donoghue that in view of his good record he would recommend that he be only reprimanded.

THE SEVENTH GOING TO BOSTON. Will Take Part in the Unveiling of the Statue of Robert Gould Shaw.

Arrangements are now being made for the visit of the Seventh Regiment to Boston on Decoration Day, when they will participate in the ceremonies attendant upon the unveiling of the new statue of Col. Robert Gould Shaw, recently erected by the people of Boston on the front wall of the State House in that city. Col. Shaw was at one time a member of the Seventh. A committee consisting of Col. Daniel Appleton, Capt. W. C. Fisk, Quartermaster W. G. Schuyler, and W. C. Fisk, Quartermaster W. G. Schuyler, and Commissary J. W. Myers went to Boston on Wednesday to confer with the officers of the Boston Cadets, an organization of which Col. Appleton was formerly a member, with a view of arranging the final details in connection with the visit. The members of the Seventh will be the guests of the Boston Cadets during their stay in that city. The regiment will leave this city, probably by boat, on Saturday night, arriving in Boston on Decoration Day, which this year fails on Sunday. They will take part in the parade there on Monday and return, probably by train, on Tuesday morning.

The memorial of Robert Gould Shaw consists of an equestrian figure in high relief. He was born in Boston Oct. 10, 1837, and died at the head of his regiment at Fort Wagner, S. C., July 18, 1863. His connection with the Seventh Regiment dates from April 19, 1861, when he can

18, 1863. His connection with the Seventh Regiment dates from April 19, 1861, when he enlisted as a private. He was made Second Lieutenant in the Second Massachusetts in May, and in the month of July following he became First Lieutenant. In April, 1863, he was promoted to the rank of Colonei of the Fifty-fourth Massachusetts, the first regiment of colored troops mustered in from a free State. It is probable that the Massachusetts State troops will be mobilized in Boston on Monday, the day following Decoration Day.

ROTHAERMEL GIBED THE JUDGE. Didn't Think He Would Return When He Wrote from New Jersey.

Henry Rothsermel of 176 Graham avenue Williamsburgh, abandoned his wife and three children some time ago. Mrs. Rothaermel had him arrested, but when he was arraigned in the Ewen Street Police Court he pleaded so hard to be let go that Justice Lemon consented to parole

be let go that Justice Lemon consented to parole him on his promise to provide for his family. Rothaermel went to New Jersey. He wrote from there to Justice Lemon advising him to dismiss the proceedings, as he didn't expect to return to Williamsburgh.

Rothaermel kept out of the way until Wednesday night, when he made a visit to Williamsburgh to collect a bill. Mrs. Rothaermel heard he was back and she caused his arrest. When Rothaermel was arraigned yesterday in the Ewen Street Police Court he greeted Justice Lemon pleasantly and asked him if he had received his letter.

"I was in a hurry, your Henor." said Rothaermel, "when I wrote it, but I suppose it was all right. Do you know, Judge, that I think my wife is awful foolish to fetch me here. Put yourself in my place, man to man; don't you think that I'm persecuted? I've always been willing to support my family, but somehow luck has been against me."

"I've come across many cheeky people." the Justice replied, "but I think you beat them all." Rothaermel was held in \$300 bail for a hearing.

hearing. AS TO CONCOCTED "WINE."

The Mayor Gets Some Points in Mearing the Case Against Poggi.

The hearing on the charges preferred against W. E. Poggi, an auctioneer of 82 Water street, who, the Wine and Liquor Traders' Association alleges, sold as imported wines and cordials spurious liquors manufactured in this country was continued before Mayor Strong yesterday. William Taylor testified that "cognac" could William Taylor testified that "cognae" could be manufactured from essential oils and almond shells, but that the real distilled cognae came from the juice of grapes. It was asked if California wincs were not shipped to France and sent back to this country under foreign brands. "That is nonsense." said Charles Remault, the Bordeaux wine dealer. "Not more than 18,000 ralions of wine were exported to France during the entire year of 1816."

An agent for the Traders' Association said he had bought a case of what purported to be St. Julien for \$1.65. The duty alone on these goods is \$1.60 a case, he said.

In his defence Poggi said that he was not an auctioneer, but that he was merely a crier employed by the National Wine Association.

The Mayor reserved his decision.

Parker to Make a Minority Report. Police Commissioner Parker said, yesterday, regarding his failure to sign the annual report of the Police Board, which was presented to

the Mayor on Wednesday:

"I do not remember that the draft of the re-"I do not remember that the draft of the report sent to the Mayor was ever submitted to me. A rough draft of a proposed report was submitted to me about a month ago, but it was agreed that that should be amended in several particulars. It is my purpose to make a minority report supplemental to that already presented. It will deal in a measure with the so-called 'bipartisan' feature of the majority report. The Police Board is not a bipartisan board as stated. I think, too, that some space should be given to praise of the rank and file of the department for the work they have done." TO CUT DIFFERENTIALS.

JOINT TRAFFIC MANAGERS DISCUSS-ING THE PROBLEM.

Interstate Commerce Commission That the Time Undoubtedly Has Come for Such Action-Depuy Says Capal Traffic Is Endangere The principal witness in the hearing before the Interstate Commerce Commission yesterday was a Commissioner of the Joint Traffic Association, against whom charges have been preferred by the Produce Exchange. Before the examination was concluded, it had been shown that the primary object of the ratirond

combine was not attained under the conditions which exist at the port of New York, owing to the rigid application of the system of differentials. The further fact was brought out that nothing in the agreement between the members of the Joint Traffic Association prevents any one of them from reducing rates as long as it makes public announcement of the reduction. Just before the adjournment of the session

and after all the witnesses for the plaintiff had testified, Acting Chairman Knapp of the commission announced that M. Depuy, owne of a line of boats on the Erie Canal, had some thing to say to the attorneys. Mr. Depuy said that the Erie Canal was capable of hand ling all the lake and other freight entering the port of Buffals, and could do so profitably at three cents a hushel, or two cents less than the railroads charge. He stated that not-withstanding a State law which prevented elevator charges from being in excess of % of a cent per bushel, the elevator companies at both the Buffalo and New York terminals succeeded in so evading the law that an additional fliegal charge of nearly the same amount was imposed. This was done by the railroad companies which control the elevators to divert grain shipments to their own roads. and as a result traffic on the Eric Canal was steadily decreasing, notwithstanding the fact that freight can be carried much cheaper. would the expenditure of \$9,000,000 tend to improve this condition of affairs as long as each terminus is in the hands of the rathroad companies.

The first witness yesterday was F. B. Thurper, Chairman of the Committee on Railroad Trans portation of the New York Board of Trade. portation of the New York Board of Trade. He said that in his opinion shippers did not need lower rates, for they, were now too low in this country to be profitable to the railroads. In his opinion, since the adjustment of the gystem of differentials by the Arbitration Committee circumstances had so changed that a new scale was demanded; that as the margin in grain is the closest and the volume the largest of all the products, it fee, a the differential most, however small it may be. As an additional factor operating against New York, the dock charges increasing with the terminal charges and differentials remaining the same, the tendency to lower freight rates assists other ports.

J. C. Reager, a steamship owner, testified that formerly he had a line of boats running between Liverpool and New York, but owing to, the excessive harbor charges imposed by this port the line now runs to Boston. At least \$500 a trip is saved to the ordinary vessel.

G. R. Blanchard, Railroad Commissioner of the Joint Traffic Association, was then called. He testified that when the association came into existence it found jerialn prevailing rates, tariffs, and differentials. These were in newise changed, but it was the purpose of the astarits, and differentials. These were in no-wise changed, but it was the purpose of the as-sociation to maintain the then existing rates, to secure uniformity, to prevent secret cutting and irregular methods, and to meet such changes as from time to time should be deemed

Accessary.

It was his experience that prior to Jan. 1, 1896, although the same differentials were estensibly maintained, in reality they were in no sense uniformly or generally enforced. Counsel for the Produce Exchance asked whether the association had a tendency to equalize elevator charges at the various Atlantic seaports. Witness answered that in 1896 floating elevator companies made an agreement with the association to establish uniform elevator charges.

the association to establish the charges.
Counsel for the NewYork Central and Hudson River Railroad asked whether the rate on corn and wheat from Buffalo to New York was 20 cents per hundred pounds. Witness and the country of the c

corn and wheat from Buffalo to New York was 20 celts per hundred pounds. Witness answered that it was.

Q.—And the rate to Newport News is 17 cents per hundred? A.—Yes.

Q.—How are these rates fixed? A.—The lastnamed rate is fixed by the Big Four and accepted by the Chesapeake and Ohio.

Q.—Is there anything to prevent these roads from raising their rates, although they are members of the Joint Traffic Association? A.—By a vote of the Board of Managers of any road rates may be chanced and there is nothing in the agreement to prevent it.

Q.—When you stated that it was the intention of the association to control rates, did you mean to control and fix those of each road or robjects, &c., by enforcing the published schedule of tariffs? A.—Solely to prevent secret manipulation.

Commissioner Prouty than referred to the

manipulation.

Commissioner Prouty then referred to the Commissioner Prouty then referred to the object of the investigation, and wanted to know just what the aims of the Joint Traffic Association were, in order that the commission might understand their relations to the port of New York. Witness said that the primary aim of the association was so to equalize rates that Western shippers of grain could send their produce through any of the five principal Atlantic ports to Europe at the same roat; that the occar rates the same that the same principal Atlantic ports to Europe at the same cost; that the ocean rates, the terminal charges, the cost of railroad transportation should be balanced in such a way that it was left practically to the shipper what port to choose. Q.—Then the, object is briefly to make the cost of sending grain from Chicago to Zurope the same whether it goes via New York, Boston, or Philadelphia? A.—It is, Q.—Does the association make rates as well as enforce them? A.—It has that power. Witness then went on to say that undoubt.

con. or Philadelphia? A.—It is.
Q.—Does the association make rates as well as enforce them? A.—It has that power.
Witners then went on to say that undoubtedly the time had come for a readjustment of the system of differentials, as the am of the association in furnishing equally advantageous transportstion through the different potts was not being attained at the present time. He said that the question had been before the Board of Managers, but no solution of the difficulty had been reached.

Samuel Taylor of the Brooklyn Wharf and Warehouse Company testified that about ten grain inspectors were employed at the port of New York, and that the charge for inspection was one-sixteenth of a cent per bushel. He said that the capital stock of the warehouse company was \$12,500.000 and that its capacity for storage was from 15,000,000 to 20,000,000 bushels of grain. He admitted that one-half cent per bushel was charged for what is called export storage, but denied that it was done in an attempt to evade the State law. He said that charge was established some years ago, and at present maintained to allow the n to compete with the floating elevator companies.

Counsel for the New York Central addressed the Commissioners after the testimony, for the obalistiffs had all been taken, and said that in reviewing the evidence presented he did not believe the merchants of New York had any grievance against the New York or for climinaling them altogether.

The commission then adjourned the case fer further hearing at Philadelphis May 10.

Haltimore and Ohio Improvements. The receivers of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have prepared a statement of ex penditures in botterments and improvements made by them on the property from March 1, 1896, to Feb. 1 last. It shows a total of \$6,989,-211 thus spent, of which about \$5,000,000 was in the motive department in the purchase and repairs of locomotives and cars and the rest in betterments of way.

Business Troubles.

Julius T. Rode, dealer in furniture and carpets at 745 and 747 Ninth avenue, made an assignment yesterday to Henry Necarsulmer, giving preferences to Edward Rode for \$800, and to Marie Snyder, amount not mentioned.

Deputy Sheriff Whoriskey has received an attachment against Michael F. Conway, butcher, at 602 Eleventh avenue, for \$502 in favor of Joseph Stern & Son for a meat bill. The Sheriff was informed that Mr. Conway had given a hill of sale to his wife. A lispendens has been filed on his real estate at 602 Eleventh avenue.

The Sheriff has received an execution against Adolph Koch, who keeps a hotel and saloon at Third avenue and 134th street, Mott Haven, for \$542 in favor of Henry Kroger & Co.

Judgment for \$7.534 was entered yesterday against ex-Assemblyman Percival Farquhar of 32 Nassau street in favor of Alexander B. Upshaw for \$7.000 due on a note and the rest on a cheek.

Eugene Van Schalek, receiver of Schloss & Sons (the Castle Braid Company) of 15 to 17 Mercer street, New York city, and 114 to 134 Troutman street, Brooklyn, has retransferred the plant to Schloss & Sons, who have resumed business under their own name. All the creditors have been paid and the business has not been interrupted.

Mr. Cerlies's Exact Status. attachment against Michael F. Conway, butcher.

Mr. Corlies's Exact Status.

When THE SUN described Benjamin F. Corlies as the head of one of the two land companies that made the election in Pelham interesting on Tuesday it erred in being conservative. Mr. Corlies is not the head of a land company, but he is the entire company all by himself, being Presi-dent, Vice-President, Secretary, and Treasurer and the owner of all the land.



Beware of the dog-for personal safety—beware of the pugilist who can't lose-and the tailor who never made a mistake in fit-on general principles. We have made over 50,000 Suits and Topcoats for

MORE,

in the past 12 months, and despite

precaptions, errors have doubt-

ess crept in here and there. We are here to rectify them-bring them back-we'll make them right.

500 new Spring styles on view. W. C. LOFTUS & CO.,

(Custom Tailoring Only), Wholesale Woollen House, Tailor Shops and Head quarters, 568-578 Broadway

New York Salesrooms: Mo. 1191 B'way, near 28th, 194 B'way, near John, 71 B'way, cor. Rector, 25 Whiteball St., 125th and Lexington avenua, 8m Building, near Bridge.

WROTE A LETTER IN BLOOD. Comstock's Hungarian Prisoner Says Ho's the

Nicholas Spielberg, who said that he was an assistant editor of the Hungarian Herald and

lived at 629 East Ninth street, was arrested yesterday on a charge of having sent an indecent let ter through the mails. The warrant was issued by Magistrate Wentworth in the Centre Stree Police Court to Anthony Comstock, and Spielberg was arraigned late in the afternoon and held in \$500 bail for trial, which he furnished. The complainants in the case are Morris Neu man of 325 East Houston street and his daughter, Sarah V. Spielberg, the alleged wife of th prisoner.

Mrs. Spielberg said she met the prisoner in the winter of 1893-94 in New Haven, where he was then studying in the Yale Law School. She was at that time only 14 years old. She alleges that ne betrayed her and her father caused his arrest While he was in jail in New Haven he agreed to marry her. They left New Haven together and went to live in Philadelphia, where they resided at 2328 Mascher street and at 229 North Sixth

at 2328 Mascher street and at 232 North Street.

Last August she left her husband and returned to this city to live with her father. She further said that her husband avers that he got a divorce from her in Pennsylvania last December. She declared, however, that she had never been notified properly and still considers herself his wife. The letter on which the charge is based she swore was handed to her and that she declared it to be in the defendant's handwriting. It was addressed to her father and cast aspersions on her character. her charactor.

Spielberg denied writing the letter and had several witnesses who swore it was not in his handwriting. Comstock produced several letters which Spielberg admitted were in his handwriting. ing. Among them was a letter written in blood. Mrs. Spielberg said that while in Troy, N. Y.,

Ars. spicioerg said that while in Proy, N. Y., they had a quarrelover a game of cards one night. He struck her in the nose, she said, causing blood to flow. This he caught in a cup and used it to write the letter. It said: "This is written in blood I have drawn from my baby's nose." Spielberg said that he was the victim of a con-spiracy, and that his wife had written the inde-cent letter merely to injure him. The Magis-trate, however, considered the evidence conclu-sive enough to hold Spielberg for trial.

JERSEYMEN GIVE WAY TO ANGER. Didn't Like the Trolley Transfer Arrangements and Smashed Things.

ORANGE, N. J., March 18.-Judge J. Frank Fort was roused from his bed at 2 o'clock this morning and summoned to the East Orange police station to accept bail for two well-known men who were charged with disorderly conduct. Shortly before 2 o'clock four men reached the Company, and were told that the car they were in went no further. After some time they consented to leave the car and to await the next or 'owl " car from Orange, which would go all the

"owl" car from Orange, which would go all the way to Newark. As soon as they had slighted the car started on, and the men thought they were being fooled. The car was really only to be run as far as the switch.

The men became enraged and poked their umbrellas through a lot of glass signs that hung about the car house. Then one of them kicked in the panel of a door, and the car despatcher, Richardson, went out for a policeman. The policeman arrested one of the men, and then all four, together with Richardson and the policeman boarded a special car which took them to the jolice station. There the prisoner said he was Dr. Frank W. Hanlon of 104 Fourth avenue, Newark.

Newark.

While a messenger went for Judge Fort another one of the men was arrested for using abusive language to Sergeant Hoff. This man said he was "John Smith, receiver of taxes," and his address as Newark.

Judge Fort accepted Owen F. Conlon, a well-known Newark Democratic politician, as ball for the prisoners, and they were released until tomorrow morning. The prisoners, it is said, had come from a banquet at the Essex County Country Club in West Orange.

COP SWORE HE WAS MARRIED. Proved a Liar by His Mistress, Who Later

Poissued Merself-Will Be Bounced. Marguerite Miller, who has made a complaint gainst Policeman James B. Wistar of the West Sixty-eighth street station for deserting her and parrying another woman after she had lived with him four years as his common-law wife, appeared at the station early Tuesday and said she had poisoned herself with carbolic acid. She was removed to Rooseveit Hospital, where she

was removed to Rooseveit Hospital, where she is still in a critical condition.

She made her complaint against Wistar a week ago yesterday, charging that he had struck her when she met him on his post and asked him to do her justice. An investigation which resulted discovered that Wistar had made affidavit that he was married when he applied for appointment as policeman on Aug. 9, 1895. As he admitted to Acting Inspector Harley that he was not married to Miss Miller, and had not married the woman who superseded her until March 1, charges were made against him for his false swearing, and he was to have been tried yesterday. He did not appear.

Miss Miller poisoned herself in Wistar's presence after she had made a second appeal to him when he was on his beat. On finishing his tour of duty Wistar resigned. His resignation will not be accepted and he will be dismissed.

RED ROUGH HANDS

Itching, sally, bleeding paims, shapeless nails, and paisful finger ends, pimples, blackheads, oily, mothy skin, dry, thin, and falling hair, itching, scally scallps, all yield quickly to warm baths with Curtcura Soar, and gentle anointings with Curtcura (cintment), the great skin cure.

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sols Props. Hoston. are "How to Freduce Soft, White Hands," free.

ITCHING HUMORS Instantly relieved by

EIGHTH AVENUE TO GET ITS CARS. ground Trelley to He Put In There no

President H. H. Vreeland of the Metropolitan Traction Company has agreed to begin the work of installing the underground trolley system simultaneously on Eighth avenue, south of Fifty-ninth street, and on Sixth avenue, and to push the work on both lines as rapidly as possi-ble. This promise by President Vreeland was made yesterday afternoon to a committee representing the West Side Improvement Associa-The committee was composed of M. C. Milnor.

Chairman; James W. Boyle, and Jere Pangburn,

Vice-Chairmen; James E. Duross, Secretary, and other members of the association. Accompanied by the lawyer of the association, David Levenritt, these gentlemen called on Mr. Vreeland and William C. Whitney at the offices of the traction company in the Cable building, at Houston street and Broadway, yesterday aftersoon and presented their request that the work on Eighth avenue should not be postponed. Mr. on Eighth avenue should not be postponed. Mr. Whitney said that he had talked the matter over with the engineers or the company and the President, and that Mr. Vreeland had told him that he thought the work on both avenues could be carried on at once. Mr. Whitney said that his previous objections had been based on doubts whether this could be done, but now that it appeared feasible he promised the committee that their request would be complied with. This promise was indorsed by President Vreeland.

In speaking of the matter afterward, President Vreeland said that it had been the intention of the company to equip the line on Sixth avenue, Fifty-ninth street, and upper Eighth avenue first because that would most relieve the congestion on Broadway. As the fears of the Eighth avenue property owners that travel would be divorted from them had been aroused, he had consented to undertake the change on that line south of Fifty-ninth street at the same time.

Mr. Vreeland said that he could not tell just when the work would begin. First, permission for a change of motive power was to be got from the State Railroad Commissioners, and there were objections to be met from other quarters. He said he hoped to begin the work by the middle of April. The material is on hand, and the only delays would be caused by the weather and legal formalities. As to operation he thought that at least parts of the lines would be in operation in the early autumn. He said that traction by electricity had an advantage over cable, in that it was possible to operate the electric roads by sections as fast as completed, while the cable must be laid the entire route before a car could be moved.

The Public Works Department officials are of the opinion that where electric power is to be used permission to build the necessary underground subway will have to be obtained from the Board of Electrical Control. Whitney said that he had talked the matter

TOUGH LITTLE KERRIGAN.

An Incorrigible Lad From Hoboken Who Was Arrested Six Times in Ten Days.

Ten-year-old James Kerrigan, the incorrigible little thief from Hoboken, was tried in Special Sessions Court in Jersey City yesterday for breaking open a penny-in-the-slot machine and stealing all the chocolate and tutti frutti gum it contained. He had been arrested six times before in about ten days and Recorder McDonough had invariably discharged him. The Re-corder explained that he was afraid Judge Hudspeth would criticise him if he sent up such a young boy for trial. Kerrigan told Chief of Police Denovan after his sixth discharge that he would probably steal a trolley car next time. Detective Fenton testified yesterday that he

Detective Fenton testified yesterday that he caught Kerrigan at 1:40 A. M. on March 3 with the contents of the slot machine stowed away inside of his shirt.

Kerrigan talked to Judge Hudspeth with entire freedom and in a self-possessed manner.

"Detective Fenton," he said, "caught me with the stuff in my breast and took me to the station house. I didn't break the machine. It was another boy. I took Fenton to the place and showed him the knife the little lad broke the machine with."

showed him the knife the little lad broke the machine with."

"The little lad !" interrupted Assistant Prosecutor Noonan. "Is he any smaller than you !"

"Yes," replied the defendant, "he's about up to there on me," pointing to his right ear. Kerrigan is about 3½ feet tail.

"You were sent to the almshouse once and ran away from there, didn't you!" asked Judge Hudspeth.

"Yes, I ran away because I had a good home in a stable."

"You never stole anything, never stayed out all night, or never smoked cigarettes, did you!"

"Oh, yes, I did," replied the urchin; "I stayed out nights and smoked cigarettes, but I never stole anything."

Judge Hudspeth convicted the defendant and sent him to the Reform School. Kerrigan made an effort to cry but failed.

THE WRONG MAN IN GRAY. loquittal of the English Servant Who Was Ar-

Walter F. Taylor, the English servant whose resemblance to Frederick B. Linden, the "man in gray," caused his arrest and indictment for a robbery which Linden has confessed to committing, was acquitted yesterday in the General Sessions. The robbery was committed at William M. Barnum's house, 121 East Thirty-fifth street. Taylor was arrested, identified by Annie Kelly, a servant in the house, and photographed

for the Rogues' Gallery. Annie Kelly testified vesterday that a sp faced man with a big nose, dressed in a gray suit and wearing a slouch hat, rang the bell at the house on the night of March 1, and held a 62d st. 284 West; Adolph Muller to Martha D Weeks. 85th st. 20 West; Geo Edgar et al to Augus-tus W Kelley. 44th st. ss. 133.2 w 6th sv. 16.10x100.4; Augusta Fiscel to Julie A Fiegel. 107th st. ns. 173 w 4th av. 17x100.11; Ber-tha M Hahn and ano to Mary Silverstone. 133.4 st. ns. 401.8 e 6th av. 16.8x99.11; Jo-seph L Buttenwieser and wife to Julia Casper. 106th st. ss. 175 e 5th av. 25x100.11; Eu-gene Durnin, referee, to Patrick Dolan and allo. pistol to her head while he stole an overcoat. "I identified Taylor as the robber," said the

"I identified Taylor as the robber," said the witness; "but in the prison pen I saw Linden, the man in gray, and I believed Linden was the robber. But now that I see Taylor again here I am sure he is the one."

Linden was brought into court. There was a marked resemblance between the two men, both of whom were dressed in gray. They were asked to stand up with their hats on.
"Look at these two men," said Lawyer Mc-Laughlin, "and see if you can identify the one who visited Mr. Barnum's house."
"They are so much alike," said the witness, "I can't tell which it was. I think now it was linden. In fact I'm sure of it."
Then Taylor was acquitted by direction of the Court.

Court.
Several of his old employers among them Gen.
Cutting of 30 West Twentieth street and Mrs.
Thomas Newbold of 15 East Thirty-fifth street,
were in court ready to testify to Taylor's good
character. They advised him to make a claim
against the State for false imprisonment.
District Attorney Olcott will ask Chief O'Brien
to take Taylor's picture from the Rogues' Gallery.

GOES CRAZY AT INTERVALS. Louis Meyer of Vincland Spreads Terror in a Pennsylvania Hatiroad Train.

Louis Meyer of Vineland, N. J., who was a passenger on a Pennsylvania Railroad train which left Philadelphia at 9:30 A. M. yesterday, became violently insane as the train was passing through Trenton. He strode through the aisle declaring his intention of killing somebody. Women screamed, and the car was soon in an uproar. Meyer made a dash for the rear door of the car. Conductor James Beach had just opened the door to find out what the tumult was all about, and he grabbed Meyer. A desperate struggle ensued, but with the aid of a brakeman and some of the passengers Meyer was overpowered and his hands and feet were tied. When the train reached Jersey City a patrol wagon and three policemen were waiting for Meyer. He was taken to the Gregory street police station and put in a stratificated. Late in the afternoon he became quiet and recovered his senses. He sent a despatch to John Selles of Philadelphia asking Mr. Selles to come to Jersey City and take him home. Meyer explained that he was subject to such attacks at long intervals. uproar. Meyer made a dash for the rear door of

The Weather.

The high-pressure area has passed off the Atlantic coast. A general low pressure without any definite storm centre has moved east from the extreme west, with cloudy weather and rain over all the country from Kansas and Nebraska east to the Atlantic States, and for on the coast. The temperature in the Middle Atlantic and New England States and lake regions rose 10° to 20° yesterday.

In this city the day was forgy and rainy; highest official temperature 39°, lowest 35°, a verage humidity 92 per cent.; wind southeasterly, average valicity 10 miles an hour; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M. 30. 20, 3 P. M. 30.10.

The thermometer at the United States Weather Bureau registered the temperature yesterday as follows: 1897, 1890.

1897, 1896.

9 A. M. 30° 31° 6 P. M. 38° 35° 12 Mid. 38° 35° Washington Forgasts for Friday.

For New England, light local showers: easterly to southerly winds: alightly warmer; southerly winds.

For eastern New York, castern Pennsylunda, New Feresia, gand Delaware, generally cloudy seather and probably light vairs; southerly winds.

For western New York, local showers with generally cloudy and probably rain; solightly warmer; southerly winds.

For western New York, local showers with generally to walk and probably rain; solightly warmer; southerly winds.

For western New York, local showers with generally cloudy and probably rain; solightly warmer; southerly winds.

For western New York, local showers with generally cloudy and probably rain; solightly warmer; southerly winds.

For western New York, local showers with generally cloudy and probably rain; slightly warmer; southerly winds.

warmer; southerly winds.
For western New York, local showers with generally

soudy weather; winds shifting to easterly.

Kennedy a lande

Bargain in Men's Sox.

An Importer of German Hestery has sold as animples. Fine his lines of spring samples. Fine Maco, Reli-thrend and Silk pinted, worth 50c. and 75c.

AT 25° PAIR

\$1.50 SHIRTS

AT 98c. Medras, on white Wamsutt

Moffatt, Patrick J, and Alvah E Phyte to Al-exander Donegan, n s 11th et, 875 w 6th

example Donegan, a s 11m s. ex. demand sv. demand sv. demand to the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U S. 281-283 10th av and 505 West 26th st. 2 yrs.

Moore, James B and Arthur J, to same, 287 to 291 10th sv. 2 yrs.

Moore, Eugenia M, to same, n s 28th st. 104

to 201 10th av. Nyrs.

Moore, Eugenia M. to same, n s 28th st, 104
w 10th av. 2 yrs.

Moore, Elisa J. to same, s e cor 10th av and
20th st. 2 yrs.

Miller, Alice and Gustave M. to same, n w
dor Park av and 81st st. 2 yrs.

Moyragh, James T. and wife to Nellie C Van
Reypen, s s 120th st, 487.5 e Pleasant av.

17.

Marx, Max, and wife to D Wm Stowceand, n
s 152d st. 220 e Amsterdam av. 2 yrs.

Molaughlin, Thos J. and wife to Joseph
Guinet, s w cor 145th st and 8t Nicholas
av. 9 mos.

Guinet, s w cor 145th st and St Nicholas av 9 mos.

Noadinger, Sarah M and Wm H, to Martha A Roby, n s Woodruff av, lot 66, map of Fairmount, 9 yrs.

Metsrath, Wm, to Albert G Whaley, w s Hristow, 216 s Honlags st, 2 yrs.

Menamara, Eather, to John J Brown, n e s Woodruff st, 222, 10 s e Boston road, 3 yrs.

Same to Clermont H Smith, n e s Woodruff st, 222, 10 s e Boston road, 1 yr.

Newman, James H, to Margaret A and M Louise Ryerson, 44 Barrow st, 5 yrs.

Same to same, same prop, 6 mos.

Nauhelm, Carrie, and wife of Simeon to Frederic S Bennis and ano, trus of Mrs.

Kath A Rockwell, 739 Lexington av, installs.

stalls A Rockwell, 759 lesingvol av, in-stalls.
Pitchie, Chas, to Bernard C Murray, jots 147, 148, 149, map 165, building lots of Chas A Stadler, 1 yr. Bitzmann, Chas L. to Margaret M Slevin, s s 90th st, 100 w Bd av, 8 yrs. Rudolphy, Jacob, and wife to the Seamen's Bank for Savings N Y, 909-971 Park av, 5

bodies, with one pair sep cuffs to match the b 98c. each; worth \$1.50.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

At the New York Real Estate Salesroom the follow ing parcels were disposed of yesterday:
By L. J. Phillips & Co., partition sale, Nos. 806 and
508 East Seventy-sixth street, one-story frame office
and vacant lot 50x102, to Samuel Resenfelder for
89,000.

508 East Seventy-sixth street, one-story frame office and vacant lot 50x102, to Samuel Resembelder for 89,000.
By Bryan L. Kennelly, foreclosure sale, No. 818 Bast Seventy-sirth street, 25x102, four-story stone-front tenement, to J. H. Rogan for 89,775.
By William Kennelly, foreclosure sale, No. 575 West End avenue, 14.5x100, four-story stone-front dwelling, to Elizabeth Dennis, plaintiff, for \$20,000; also, foreclosure sale, No. 1018 Avenue A, 25x79.8, five-story tenement, to Hannah Oreenbaum, plaintiff, for \$13,800.
By Philip A. Smyth, partition sale, No. 214 East Sixty-second street, 18.0x100.5, three-story brownstone private dwelling, to Mary S. Simpson for \$14,250.
By Peter F. Meyer & Co., foreclosure sales: Tiebous avenue, three two-story frame dwellings, south of Clark street, to Seeligaberg for \$11,150. Also northwest corner Third avenue and Thirty-third street, 19x30.5, three-story brok tenement with stores, to Michael P. and Frank J. Breslin, plaintiffs, for \$25,000. Peter F. Meyer & Co. also sold No. 451 West Forty-seventh street, 18,9x100.5, four-story and basement brown-stone dwelling, to J. Hulligan for \$11,100; also 181st street, 50 feet west of Boulevard, 25x100, vacant, to D. Shuldener for \$2,000.
L. J. Phillips & Co. have sold for the estate of B. F. Romaine four lots, 100x100, on the southwest corner of 101st street and Manhattan avenue to Mr. William Bankin on private terms.

The estate of the late William H. Qunther has sold for about \$105,000 No. 9 West Fifty-seventh street, a four-story and basement brown-stone private dwelling on 10 \$3,05x100.05. Mr. Gunther bought it in 1875 for \$100,000.
William D. Reilly has sold to Lowenfeld & Prayer No. 300 Marison street, old front and rear buildings, plot 55x92.5.

Francis & Wilson have sold to Thomas Stokes for Jac W. Bartlett No. 50 West Fifty-third street, four-brown-stone dwelling, 1.7.6x60x100.05. for chouse Stokes for Jac W. Bartlett No. 50 West Fifty-third street, four-brown-stone dwelling, 1.7.6x60x100.05. for chouse Stokes for Jac W. Bart

ano.

Houston at, a w cor Essex st, \$5x100; Henry Schilling and wife to Mary Klett.

Schilling and wife to Mary Klett.

L Moore to Eugenia M Moore.

Interior lot, centre line 27th and 26th sta, 80 w 10th av, runs w 5x s \$9.6; James B Moore and ano to Thomas L Moore.

Ith av, es, 61 % s 5th st, 19,2x70; Michael

F Conway to Julia Conway 62d st, 284 West; Adolph Muller to Martha D Weeks

Edward Hirsh et al to Chas Buck.

Sed st. 47 West; Geo Edgar et al to Helen M
Edgar

Bristow st. w s. 215 s Jennings st. 20x100;
Kate Bock to Wm Metrrath
6th av. sa. lot 294, map of Wakefield, 25x
114; Geo Batten to Jessie P Batten.

Melrose av. s e cor 168d st. 40x74.8x40x
70.5; Elise M J Fernschild to Wm Hubert.

175th st. s. 746 e Franklin av. 25x143;
Abraham Englehard and wife to Ronald
McAdam.

130th st, ss. 200 w Amsterdam av. 50x99.11;
Catharine S Bartell to Ferdinand Forsch.

125th st. s. 350 e 10th sv. 35x100.11; Claiborne Ferris to Henry Ferris.

Convent av. n e cor 139th st. 25x100; Latham A Flah and wife to the Mayor, &o.
city N Y

109th st. n e cor Bloomingdale road —x—; J

Bomaine Brown and wife to Chariton W

Crane.

All right, title, &c. to Bloomingdale road.

Itomaine Brown and wife to Chariton W Crane
All right, title, &c. to Bloomingdale road;
James Rogers and wife to James A Deering 110th at, s. 169.4 at 110th st. 75.11x irregi Catharine A B Abbe to Chariton W Grane.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

RECORDED MOSTRAGES.

READAM. Denaid. to Emma M Brower, a s
17th at. 746.5 e Franklin av. 3 yrs...

Brower, Evelyn E. to Wim R Williox, a e oor
Delancey and Mangin sta, note...

Barnes, Hattle H. to The Seamen's Bank for
Savings. N. V. a. s 75th at, 88.11 e Riverside
Driver o yrs.

Buck, Chas E. to Edward and Henry Hirsh, a
e cor 76th at and Riverside Drive, 1 yr.

Bwest, Virginia, to Josian O and Henry M
ward, exora &c. of Geo E Ward, a s 182d
at, 510 w 5th av. 3 yrs.

Bjorkeyren, Chas, and wife to Edwaf F Burke,
967 Jeferson at, 28th ward, 2 yrs.

Same to Jane Thompson, same prop. 8 mos.
Crane, Chariton W. to Catharine A B Albe, a
s 110th at, now Cathedral parkway, 160.4

w Grand Boulevard, 3 yrs.

Cowenboven, Chas T. to the New York Life
Ins and wife to Daniel J Colton, same prop.
1 yr.

Same and wife to Daniel J Colton, same prop.
1 yr.

Donegan, Alexander, to Citisens' Navings
Bank, N. Y. n s 111 at, 870 w 6th av. 1 re

Bank, N. Y. n s 111 at, 870 w 6th av. 1 re

Bank, N. Y. n s 111 at, 870 w 6th av. 1 re

Bank, N. Y. n s 111 at, 870 w 6th av. 1 re

Property of the Catherine A, and husband to Marston Watson and ano, trustees of John Burke, e.s. Hoe av or st, 256.1 s Home st, 1

1.800 100

45,000

85,000

6,800

18,000

16,000

1,500

75,000

18,500

22,500

9,000

15,000

80,000

18,000

880

9,500

26,000

8,000

15,000

60,000

WECORDED LEASES Laino, Nicola, to Maria d'Angelo, Erov and av. 5 yrs.

Hoeliebolt, Eliza, to James Smith, 168 Av C., cor 10th st. 5 yrs.

Roe, N M. to John Jaegeler, 122 West 49th st. 2 11-12 yrs.

Seuft, Eliza, to Solomen Subin, 120 Delanosy Seuft, Eliza, to Solomen Subin, 120 Delanosy Seuft, Eliza, to Solomen Subin, 120 Delanosy protosxwe.5.

Francis & Wilson have sold to Thomas Stokes for Jane W. Hartlett No. 50 West Fifty-third street, four-story brown-stone dwelling, 17.6x60x100, for about \$44,500.

Senft, Elias, to consumers, 808 West 8t, 8 yrs.
Wells, Jennie T, to Louis Neuffer, 808 West 41st st, 5 yrs.
Wright, Wilfred J, to Bartholomay Brewery Co, 521-523 West 37th st, 8 yrs. David Stewart has sold for Innes Galbraith to a Mr. urtha No. 541 West 159th street, a three-story stone front private dwelling. George A. White has sold for John B. Cole to Bernhard Schaeffel for \$50,000, the plot, five and a half lots, on the south side of Ninety-sixth street, between Second and Third avenues. Court Calendary This Day.

Appellate Division—Supreme Court—Motions. Orders—Nos. 10, 53, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 43, 43, 43, 44, 45.

Bupreme Court—Special Term. Part I.—Ex-parte matters Fart III.—Clear. Motions. Preferred cause—No. 4944. Part IV.—Clear. Law and fact. Nos. 4416. 2715. 4257. 4037, 1994. 4421, 2557. 4037, 1994. 4421, 2557. 4037, 1994. 4421, 2557. 4038, 4468, 4036, 4436, 4328. Part V.—Clear. Dasre from Part IV. Part VII.—Clear. Elevasted rallroad causes—Nos. 1704. Term—Part II.—Clear. Elevasted rallroad causes—Nos. 1704. 1707. 1548, 11641. Part III.—Case unfinished. Cases from Fart IV. Part VII.—Clear. Elevasted rallroad causes—Nos. 10699, 11548, 11641. Part III.—Case unfinished. Nos. 4626, 477. 4764, 4521, 3521, 1509, 6078, 9878. Part IV.—Case unfinished. Cases from Fart III. Part VI.—Clear. Cases from Part III. Part VII.—Clear. Cases from Part III. Part VII.—Clear. Cases from Part III.—Surogate's Court—Trial Term—Wills of Alexander Walker, Columbus B. Rogers, at 19:45 A. M. Chambers—Molion calendar called at 10:30 A. M. For probate—Wills of Jane Rogers, John Thorne, Mary Daly, Maris L. Bogert, Frederick W. Sauerlander, Bessie W. Murray, Vincont Mylor, Agnes F. De Forest, Adolf Alexander. Ambress Wood, at 10:50 A. M.; Mary E. C. Webstey, Frederick W. Drocga, Michael Riernam, at S. P. H.

City Court—Special Term—Hotions, Trial Term—Part II.—Case unfinished. Nos. 6119, 1823, 1977, 1486, 1726, 1734, 1019, 1053, 1504, 1618, 1617, 1621, 1692, 1794, 1019, 1053, 1504, 1618, 1617, 1621, 1692, 1794, 1019, 1053, 1504, 1618, 1617, 1621, 1692, 1794, 1019, 1053, 1504, 1618, 1617, 1621, 1692, 1794, 1019, 1053, 1504, 1618, 1617, 1621, 1692, 1794, 1019, 1053, 1504, 1618, 1617, 1621, 1692, 1794, 1019, 1053, 1504, 1618, 1617, 1621, 1692, 1794, 1019, 1053, 1504, 1618, 1617, 1621, 1692, 1794, 1019, 1053, 1504, 1618, 1617, 1621, 1692, 1794, 1019, 1053, 1 ellate Division—Supreme Court—Motions. Op-Nos. 16, 88, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 40, 41, 42, 48, 44, 45 Real Estate Transfers. 11th st, n s, 875 w 6th av, 50x103.3; John H 855,000 1,000 Riverside Drive, s e cor 76th st, 25.4x95.8x 25x100; Geo Lowther et al to Henry Hirsh and ane 20x100; Geo Lowther et al to Henry Hirsh and and ...
West End av, ws, 01.5 s 76th st, 15.2x100; Jennie M Tompkins to Elisa D Walton...
92d st, 47 West; Augustus W Kelley and wife to Geo Edgar and ano...
2d av, 1407; Fannie Keyser to Ernst Will.
180th at, as, 200 w Amasterdam av, 50299.11; Ferdinand Forsch and wife to John Davis...
Av A or Eagle av, n ws, 75 s John st, 25x100; Mary Hust to Dominick Perry and wife...
Same prop; Dominick Perry and wife to Mary Hust
Clinton av, e s, 100 n Jefferson st, 20x109.4; Chas Bjorkegren and wife to Henry Mallebro. bro Clinton av. es. 80 n Jefferson st. 20x89.11; Chas Bjorkegren and wife to Henry Mallebro Mallebro
Clinton av, near Jefferson st, 80x20; same to
clinton av, near Jefferson st, 80x20; same to
same
East st, es, 244.11 n Broome st, runs 128.10
to centre line pier. 58x ex ex w 256.4;
Joseph J O'Donohne, Jr, and ano to the
Brooklyn and New York Ferry Co.
Same prop; the Brooklyn and New York
Ferry Co to the Mayor, &c, city New York.
24th st, n s, 79.2 e 7th av, 41.8x8.9; Sarah
Dwyer and ano to Chas A Winch
14th st, n s, 375 w Grand Boulevard,
50x90.11; Issac Van Saan and wife to Benjamin Bryan. Jamin Bryan
Kingsbridge road, e s, 58.8 s Stone monument marked L near Poe cottage, 85x
107.11x75xx24.11; Fannie Chambers to
John J Morrow
Same property; John J Morrow to John
Chambers and wife. Chambers and wife.

Lots 147, 148 and 149, map building loss of
Chas A Stadler, 28d ward; Bernard C Murray and wife to Chas Pitchle
122d st, ss, 150 e 8th av, 103x100,11; s
122d st, 428 e 8th av, 103x100,11; s
Britton and wife to James D. Putnam
S3d st, ns, 150 w 9th av, 25x100,5; Lansarus
F Munsshelmer and wife to Laura E Kelm,
b part F Munishelmer and wife to Laura E Keim, ip part.
Front st. s., 62.10 w Jackson st. 12.2x36.2;
Mary A Andrews to Smith Ely
Lots 14, 15, and 16, block 36, map of Peiham Park, 24th ward: Joachim Blatt to
MatDda Sussman, exchange property.
27th st. n. s. 300 w 6th sv. 25x86.9; Mary L
Scott to Henry C Rover.
Barrow st. 44; Margaret A Ryerson and ano
to James H Nowman.
11th st, n.s. 375 w 6th sv. 50x100.11; Alexander Donegan to Patrick J Moffstt and
ano.
Houston st. s. w cor Essex st. 25x100. Henry Public Motices.

(Should be read DAILY by all interested, as change may occur at any time.)
Foreign mails for the week ending March 20, 1897,
will close (PROMPTLY in all cases) at the General
Post Office as follows:

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

BATURDAY—At 2 A. M. for FRANCE, SWITZER—LAND, ITALY, SPAIN, PORTUGAL, TURKEY, EGYPT, and BRITISH INDIA, per steamship La Normandie", via Havre (letters for other parts of Europe must be directed "per La Normandie"); at 8:30 A. M. for EUROPE, per steamship Etruria", via Queenstown; at 8 A. M. for NETHERLANDS direct, per steamship Obdam, via Rotterdam (letters must be directed "per Obdam"); at 10 A. M. for SCOTLAND direct, per steamship Circassia, via Glasgow (letters must be directed "per Circassia"). TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA,
WEST INDIES, &c.

PRIDAY.—At 7P. M. for NASSAU, M. P., per steamer
from Miami, Fis.

SATURDAY.—At 9:S0 A. M. (supplementary 10 A.
M. for ST. THOMAS, ST. CROIX, LEEWARD, and
WINDWARD ISLANDS, MARTINIQUE and BABBADOES, per steamship Caribbee (eletter for Grenada, Trinidad, and Tobago must be directed "per
Caribbee "): at 10 A. M. (supplementary 10:80
A. M.) for JAMAICA, SAVANILLA, and GREY.
TOWN, per steamship Alene (detters for Costa
Rica must be directed "per Alene"): at 10
A. M. (supplementary 10:80 A. M.) for
CAPE HAITI, GONAIVES, PETIT GOAVE, CABTHAGENA and SANTA MARTHA, per steamship
Kity: at 10 A. M. (supplementary 11 A. M.) for
CENTRAL AMERICA (except Costa Rica) and
SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS, per steamship Valencia,
via Colon (setters for Guatemala must be directed
"per Valencia"): at 10:30 A. M. for CAMPECHE,
CHIAPAS, TOHASCO, and TUCATAN, per steamship Yucatan (letters for other parts of Mexico
and for Cuba must be directed "per Yucatan"):
at 11 A. M. for MEXICO, per steamship Santo Domingo, via Progresso and Vera Crus (letters must
be directed "per Santo Domingo"); at 8:30 P. M.
for ST. PIERRE-MIQUELON, per steamer from
Halifax.

daliy at 2:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. Hegistered mail closes at 6 P. M. previous day.

TRANS-PACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for China, Japan and Hawail, per steamhip Copile (from San Francisco), close here daily up to March 20 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Hawail, per steamhip Australia (from San Francisco), close here daily up to March 17 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for China and Japan (specially addressed only), per steamhip Empress of India (from Vancouver), close here daily up to March 17 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for China and Japan, per steamhip Braamer (from San Francisco), close here daily up to March 125 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for China and Japan, per steamhip Braamer (from Tacoma), close here daily up to March 125 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Australia (except those for West Australia, which are forwarded via Europe), New Zealand, Hawail, Fiji and Samoan Islands, per steamhip Umbris with British mails for Australia, and 6:30 P. M. (or OB arrival at New York of steamhip Umbris with British mails for Australia, Hawail and Fiji Islands (specially addressed only), per steamhip Umbris with British mails for Australia, Hawail and Fiji Islands (specially addressed only), per steamhip Vmy Atree March 127 and up to April 1 at 6:30 P. M.

Trans-Pacific mails are forwarded to port of sattling daily, and the schedule or closing is arranged on the precumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. Registered mail closes at 6 ff. M. previous day.

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ePRINTED MATTER, ETC.—German steamers salling on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays take Printed Matter, etc., for Germany, and Specially Addressed Printed Matter, etc., for other parts of Europe. White Star steamers on Wednesday take Specially Addressed Printed Matter, etc., for Europe. American, Cunard, and French Hine steamers take Printed Matter, etc., for all countries for which they are advertised to carry mail.

After the closing of the Supplementary Transation tic Mails named above, additional supplementary mails are opened on the plers of the American English, French, and German steamers, and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of salling of steamer.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.

Halifax.

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Halifax, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 5:39 P. M. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Cuba close at this office daily at 8:30 T.A. M. for forwarding by steamers sailing (Hondays and Thursdays) from Port Tampa, Fia. Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for despatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 2:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. Registered mail closes at 6 P. M. previous day.

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